

Local Agency Formation Commission of Napa County Subdivision of the State of California

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We Manage Local Government Boundaries, Evaluate Municipal Services, and Protect Agriculture

October 7, 2013 Agenda Item No. 6a (Public Hearing)

September 30, 2013

TO: **Local Agency Formation Commission**

FROM: Peter Banning, Acting Executive Officer

Brendon Freeman, Analyst

SUBJECT: Proposed Annexation of 3174 Valley Green Lane to Napa Sanitation District

The Commission will consider two related actions concerning a proposal from an interested landowner to annex approximately 2.2 acres of incorporated territory to Napa Sanitation District. The affected territory is located at 3174 Valley Green Lane in the City of Napa. The purpose of annexation is to establish permanent public sewer service to an existing single-family residence currently receiving public sewer from the District through a temporary outside service extension previously approved by the The first recommended action is for the Commission to adopt a negative declaration consistent with the findings of an initial study concluding the annexation will not have any significant impacts on the environment. The second recommended action is for the Commission to continue the proposal to the next regular meeting.

Local Agency Formation Commissions (LAFCOs) are responsible under the Cortese-Knox-Hertzberg Local Government Reorganization Act of 2000 to regulate the formation and development of local governmental agencies and their municipal services. This includes approving or disapproving proposed changes of organization, such as boundary changes, consistent with adopted policies and procedures pursuant to California Government Code (G.C.) Section 56375. LAFCOs are authorized to exercise broad discretion in establishing conditions in approving changes of organization as long as they do not directly regulate land use, property development, or subdivision requirements.

A. Background

LAFCO of Napa County ("Commission") has received a proposal from landowner Dale James requesting the annexation of approximately 2.2 acres of incorporated territory in the City of Napa ("City") to the Napa Sanitation District (NSD). The subject lot

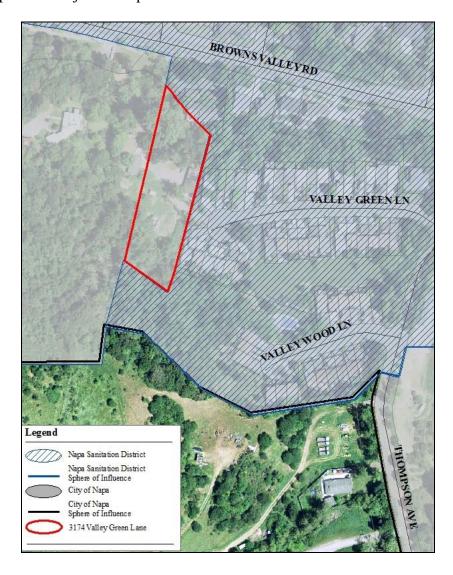
Councilmember, City of Napa

Juliana Inman, Alternate Commissioner

Brian J. Kelly, Vice Chair

comprises one residential parcel located at 3174 Valley Green Lane near Browns Valley Road. Existing development includes a 1,500 square foot two-unit single-family residence with three total bedrooms built in 1938. The County Assessor's Office identifies the affected parcel as 050-400-005.

As detailed in the following section, the single-family residence occupying the affected territory currently receives public sewer service from NSD through a temporary outside service extension formally ratified by the Commission in August 2013. Annexation would provide permanent public sewer service to the single-family residence as well as be made available to the rest of the subject lot if and when it is further developed to include up to a total of 13 units as contemplated under the City Zoning Ordinance. An aerial map of the subject lot is provided below.



¹ The outside service extension expires on July 19, 2014.

B. Discussion

Agency Profile

NSD was formed in 1945 as a dependent enterprise district to provide public sewer service for the City and the surrounding unincorporated area. NSD presently provides sewer service to most of Napa along with several surrounding unincorporated areas, including Silverado, Napa State Hospital, and the Napa County Airport. NSD currently serves 31,830 residential customers with an estimated resident service population of 84,381.²

Proposal Purpose

The underlying purpose of the proposal before the Commission is to provide permanent public sewer service to a residential parcel located in the Browns Valley neighborhood. As mentioned in the preceding section, the single-family residence occupying the subject lot currently receives public sewer service from NSD through a temporary outside service extension that was approved by the Chair on June 21, 2013 and ratified by the Commission on August 5, 2013. The Chair's approval was conditioned on the landowner first submitting an application to annex the entire residential parcel; a condition satisfied on June 26, 2013. Additionally, though no development plans presently exist, the annexation of the entire residential parcel could facilitate the future division of the subject lot to include up to 13 lots under the City Zoning Ordinance. Consideration of the service needs and related impacts associated with the future potential development of the subject lot are incorporated into the following analysis section.

C. Analysis

The analysis of the proposal is organized into three sections. The first section considers the proposal relative to the factors prescribed for consideration under local policy with specific focus on whether amendments are merited to comply with the established preferences in implementing LAFCO law in Napa County. The second section considers the proposal relative to the factors mandated for review by the Legislature anytime LAFCOs review boundary changes. The third section considers issues required by other applicable State statutes in processing boundary changes including making a determination on environmental impacts.

² The resident service projection based on the 2013 California Department of Finance population per household estimate (2.651) assigned to Napa County and multiplied by the number of residential sewer connections within NSD (31,830). NSD also serves 4,409 non-residential customers, including industrial and commercial users.

Local Policies / Discretionary Amendments

A review of the submitted application materials relative to the Commission's adopted policies does not indicate that the Commission should consider any amendments given the subject lot already lies within NSD's sphere of influence and within Napa's jurisdictional boundary.

Legislative Policies / Mandated Factors for Consideration

G.C. Sections 56668 and 56668.3 require the Commission to consider 16 specific factors anytime it reviews proposals for change of organization or reorganization involving special districts. The majority of the prescribed factors focus on the impacts of the proposed boundary changes on the service and financial capacities of the affected agencies. No single factor is determinative and the intent is to provide a uniform baseline for LAFCOs in considering boundary changes in context to locally adopted policies and practices. The subject lot shall be identified as the "affected territory" hereafter. Towards this end, consideration of these factors relative to the proposal follows.

(1) Population and population density; land area and land use; per capita assessed valuation; topography, natural boundaries, and drainage basins; proximity to other populated areas; the likelihood of significant growth in the area, and in adjacent areas, during the next 10 years.

The affected territory lies within a developing area predominately consisting of moderate to high density housing and part of a neighborhood designation under the City General Plan known as "Browns Valley." The area's median household income is \$46,917 compared to \$80,783 for the City.³ The affected territory is partially developed with a single-family residence and an attached second unit. The current assessment value of the affected territory totals \$168,815.

The affected territory is legally uninhabited given there are under 12 registered voters based on the most recent list provided by County Elections. Topography within the affected territory slopes upward to the south with a peak elevation of 162 feet above sea-level. Browns Valley Creek traverses the affected territory from east to west.

Proposal approval is expected to facilitate the future development of the affected territory to include – and based on existing zoning requirements – up to a total of 13 residential lots and produce an estimated buildout population of 34. Further, three lots immediately adjacent to the north, south, and west are also eligible for further division and could accommodate up to a total of 48 lots, though no development inquiries have been made to the City as of the date of this report.

⁴ The estimated buildout population for the affected territory assumes a per unit factor of 2.651 based on calculations performed by the California Department of Finance specific to the City.

³ American Community Survey, 2007-2011.

⁵ City zoning allows for accessory second units - "granny units" - on residential lots subject to certain restrictions and cannot exceed 640 square feet unless permitted by special allowance.

⁶ Incorporated lands to the east of the affected territory are already developed to their maximum allowable extents.

(2) The need for municipal services; the present cost and adequacy of municipal services and controls in the area; probable future needs for those services and controls; probable effect of the proposed incorporation, formation, annexation, or exclusion and of alternative courses of action on the cost and adequacy of services and controls in the area and adjacent areas.

The present need for municipal services within the affected territory is limited to public sewer for the existing single-family residence located at 3174 Valley Green Lane. This residence is currently receiving public sewer from NSD through a temporary outside service agreement, which was initially approved by the Chair in June 2013 in response to the home's septic system failing. The outside service agreement expires July 19, 2014. Annexation to NSD would provide permanent public sewer to the affected territory going forward. Core municipal services already provided or available to the affected territory directly or indirectly by the City include fire, emergency medical, police, roads, and garbage collection; all at levels deemed adequate given current and planned uses.⁷

There may be additional demand for municipal services in the future as a result of the eventual development of up to a total of 13 lots as allowed under the City Zoning Ordinance. Most notably, and in addition to sewer, this includes elevated water, fire protection/emergency medical, and law enforcement. An analysis of the availability and adequacy of these core municipal services needed to accommodate and support current and probable future needs within the affected territory follows.

• Sewer Service

The affected territory currently receives sewer service from NSD through a temporary outside service agreement. It is estimated the current daily sewer flow generated from the affected territory is 210 gallons on average and increases by two and one-half to 525 gallons during peak periods. These current flow estimates represent less than one one-hundredth of a percent of NSD's current system demand. Furthermore, if developed to its maximum allowance under the City Zoning Ordinance, the estimated daily sewer flows would only increase to 2,730 gallons on average and 6,825 gallons during peak periods. These buildout estimates would have negligible impacts on NSD's sewer system as depicted in the following table.

⁷ The term "planned" for purposes of this section refers to the City's General Plan and Zoning Ordinance.

NSD Baseline Without Annexation of the Affected Territory (Amounts in Gallons)						
System Avg. Day Capacity	Average Day Demand	Peak Day Demand	System Peak Day Capacity			
15,400,000	6,702,400	33,706,000	126,200,000			

NSD Adjusted <u>With</u> Annexation/Buildout of the Affected Territory (Amounts in Gallons)						
System	Average Day	Peak Day	System			
Avg. Day Capacity	Demand	Demand	Peak Day Capacity			
15,400,000	6,705,130	33,712,825	126,200,000			

^{*} Assumes the buildout of the affected territory will result in 13 total single-family residences with combined average and peak day demands at 2,730 and 6,825 gallons, respectively.

• Water Service

The affected territory receives water service from the City and currently generates an average day demand of 250 gallons. If developed to its maximum allowance under the City Zoning Ordinance, the estimated daily average water demand at buildout – and assuming current usage patterns – would increase to 3,250 gallons.⁸ These buildout estimates would have negligible impacts to Napa's existing water system infrastructure as measured by supply, storage, and treatment capacities as discussed in the following subsections.

Water Supply and Demand

Napa's water supplies are derived from three distinct sources: Lake Hennessey, Milliken Reservoir, and the State Water Project. These three sources collectively provide Napa with 31,340 acre-feet of raw water for treatment during normal year conditions based on historical patterns. These historical patterns also indicate Napa's annual water supply decreases during multiple and single dry year conditions to 19,896 and 13,533 acre-feet, respectively. Conversely, Napa's most recently recorded annual water demand totals 13,877 acre-feet; an amount representing an average daily use of 38 acre-feet. These current demands result in an available supply surplus during normal and multiple dry year conditions. Further, the existing shortfall projected during single dry years is relatively minimal and would be likely offset by voluntary and mandatory water conservation measures that could be adopted by the City Council consistent with their Urban Water Management Plan (UWMP).

^{*} Capacity during peak-day incorporates 340 acre-feet (110,806,000 gallons) of adjacent pond storage.

⁸ This projected daily water demand would be the equivalent of 3.6 acre-feet per year.

Baseline Conditions Without Annexation of the Affected Territory (Amounts in Acre-Feet)					
Category	Normal	Multiple Dry Year	Single Dry Year		
Annual Supply	31,340	19,896	13,533		
Annual Demand	13,877	13,877	13,877		
Difference	17,463	6,019	(344)		

Adjusted Conditions With Annexation/Buildout of the Affected Territory (Amounts in Acre-Feet)					
Category	Normal	Single Dry Year	Multiple Dry Year		
Annual Supply	31,340	19,896	13,533		
Annual Demand	13,881	13,881	13,881		
Difference	17,459	6,015	(348)		

Water Treatment and Storage

Napa operates treatment facilities for each of its three water sources. These three facilities provide a combined daily treatment capacity of 135 acre-feet. This combined treatment amount is more than three times greater than the current average day water demand (38 acre-feet) and nearly two times greater than the current estimated peak day water demand (76 acre-feet). Furthermore, Napa's combined treated water storage capacity overlaying its five pressure zones – including clearwell tanks – is 86 acre-feet. This combined storage amount accommodates current estimated peak day water demands in Napa.

Baseline Conditions Without Annexation of the Affected Territory (Amounts in Acre-Feet)						
Treatment	Average Day	Peak Day	Storage			
Capacity	Demand	Demand	Capacity			
135.0	38.0	76.0	86.2			
Adjusted Conditions With Annexation/Buildout of the Affected Territory (Amounts in Acre-Feet)						
Treatment	Average Day	Peak Day	Storage			
Capacity	Demand	Demand	Capacity			
- up urely						

The combined daily treatment capacity for Napa is divided between the Milliken facility at 4.0, Jamieson facility at 20.0, and Hennessey facility at 20.0 million gallons, respectively.

¹⁰ Based on recent usage records, the estimated peak day demand factor for Napa is 2.0.

• Fire Protection and Emergency Medical Services

The affected territory receives fire protection and emergency medical services from the City. Annexation and buildout of the affected territory to include up to a total of 13 units as contemplated under the City Zoning Ordinance would increase the need for fire protection and emergency medical services moving forward. Information generated from the Commission's draft municipal service review on the City noted that Napa has generally developed sufficient capacities and controls to serve existing and anticipated demands for these services. It is important to note the current draft municipal service review on the City identifies certain areas along the western perimeter of Browns Valley are subject to response times exceeding Napa's adopted five minute standard. The affected territory, however, appears to be located well within a reasonable proximity of the City's nearest fire station – Fire Station One at 930 Seminary Street – to be adequately served within the adopted response time standard.

• Law Enforcement Services

The affected territory receives law enforcement services from the City. Approval of the proposal and subsequent development of the affected territory to include up to a total of 13 units as contemplated under the City Zoning Ordinance would increase demand for law enforcement services moving forward. The Commission's draft municipal service review on the City notes Napa has developed sufficient capacities and controls to serve existing and anticipated demands. The municipal service review also notes no service deficiencies within the area surrounding the affected territory.

(3) The effect of the proposed action and of alternative actions, on adjacent areas, on mutual social and economic interests, and on local governmental structure.

The proposal would recognize and strengthen existing social and economic ties between NSD and the affected territory. These ties were initially established in 1975 when the Commission included the affected territory in NSD's sphere of influence, marking an expectation the site would eventually develop for urban type uses and require public sewer from the region's sole service provider, the District. These ties were further formalized earlier this year with the Commission authorizing NSD to provide public sewer to the affected territory through an outside service agreement in explicit expectation of a future annexation.

No alternative boundaries – specifically as it relates to expansions – are warranted given the affected territory is surrounded on three sides by NSD's jurisdictional boundary with the property located immediately to the west already developed with a fully operational private septic system.

(4) The conformity of the proposal and its anticipated effects with both the adopted commission policies on providing planned, orderly, efficient patterns of urban development, and the policies and priorities set forth in G.C. Section 56377.

The proposal is generally consistent with the Commission's policies as codified under its General Policy Determinations. This includes consistency with urban land use designations for the affected territory under the County and City General Plans, avoidance of premature conversion of agricultural uses, and consistency with NSD's adopted sphere of influence. The proposal is inconsistent, however, with the General Policy Determination II(B)(3) in prescribing the timing of urban development. This provision discourages annexing undeveloped or underdeveloped lands to cities or special districts providing water, sewer, emergency response, or police and fire protection unless subject to a specific development plan or agreement under consideration by a land use authority. The affected territory, notably, is not subject to a known development project or agreement and could be divided to include up to a total of 13 residential lots under the City Zoning Ordinance.

In reviewing the proposal, it appears appropriate for the Commission to waive General Policy Determination Section II(B)(3) given the following considerations:

- The affected territory is located within a developing residential area of Napa and surrounded on three sides by NSD's jurisdictional boundary. Connection to public sewer systems are generally preferred alternatives to maintaining septic tanks in protecting public health given the increased susceptibility of leakage and breakdowns associated with the latter option.
- The affected territory already receives public sewer service from NSD through a temporary outside service extension approved by the Commission in June 2013 and ratified in August 2013; an action taken by the Commission to abate a public health and safety threat given the home's septic system had failed despite corrective actions taken by the landowner.
- Annexations are inherently preferred alternatives to outside service extensions in terms of memorializing an agency's long-term service commitment to affected lands in an accountable and transparent manner.

The affected territory does not qualify as "open-space" under LAFCO law and therefore does not conflict with G.C. Section 56377. Specifically, the affected territory is not substantially unimproved and devoted to an open-space use under the County or City General Plan.

(5) The effect of the proposal on maintaining the physical and economic integrity of agricultural lands, as defined by G.C. Section 56016.

The affected territory does not qualify as "agricultural land" under LAFCO law. Specifically, the affected territory is not used for any of the following purposes: producing an agricultural commodity for commercial purposes; left fallow under a crop rotational program; or enrolled in an agricultural subsidy program.

(6) The definiteness and certainty of the boundaries of the territory, the nonconformance of proposed boundaries with lines of assessment or ownership, the creation of islands or corridors of unincorporated territory, and other similar matters affecting the proposed boundaries.

The proposal as submitted is parcel-specific and includes all of the property identified by the County of Napa Assessor's Office as 050-400-005. Commission approval would include a condition requiring the applicant to submit a map and geographic description of the approved action in conformance with the requirements of the State Board of Equalization. The submitted map and geographic description would be subject to review and possible edits by the Executive Officer before filing.

(7) Consistency with the city or county general plans, specific plans, and adopted regional transportation plan.

The proposal would provide permanent public sewer service to the affected territory. The availability of this municipal service is consistent with Napa's General Plan, which designates the affected territory for moderately dense single-family residential uses ($Single-Family\ Residential-42$).

The Metropolitan Transportation Commission's regional transportation plan (RTP) was updated in April 2009 and outlines specific goals and objectives to direct public transportation infrastructure in the Bay Area through 2035. No specific projects are included in the RTP involving the affected territory. Accordingly, the proposal impact is neutral with respect to the RTP.

(8) The sphere of influence of any local agency affected by the proposal.

The affected territory is located entirely within NSD's sphere of influence, which was comprehensively updated by the Commission in August 2006.

(9) The comments of any affected local agency or other public agency.

Staff provided notice of the proposal to all subject agencies and other interested parties as required under LAFCO law on July 12, 2013. No comments were received.

(10) The ability of the newly formed or receiving entity to provide the services which are the subject of the application to the area, including the sufficiency of revenues for those services following the proposed boundary change.

Information collected and analyzed in the Commission's most recent municipal service review on NSD concluded the District has established adequate administrative controls and capacities in maintaining appropriate service levels. This includes regularly reviewing and amending – as needed – NSD's two principal user fees to ensure the sewer system remains solvent and sufficiently capitalized to accommodate future demands: (a) connection fees and (b) user fees. The connection fee is currently \$5,660 and serves as NSD's buy-in charge for new customers to contribute their fair share for existing and future facilities necessary to receive sewer service. The annual user fee for a single-family unit is currently \$435 and is intended to proportionally recover NSD's ongoing maintenance and operation expenses. The landowner of the affected territory has already paid a connection fee as a result of the earlier outside service extension and the user fee will be pro-rated and billed at the end of the calendar year.

Additional analysis performed subsequent to the filing of the proposal provides reasonable assurances NSD's fiscal resources and controls would enable the agency to provide an appropriate level of services to the affected territory relative to anticipated land uses. NSD's current operating budget includes \$13.6 million in approved expenses. NSD anticipates collecting \$19.2 million in general revenues resulting in an operating surplus of \$5.6 million. NSD's fund balance as of the beginning of the fiscal year totaled \$9.5 million. Markedly, this unrestricted fund balance is sufficient to cover over eight months of operating expenses.

(11) Timely availability of water supplies adequate for projected needs as specified in G.C. Section 65352.5.

Proposal approval and the probable development of the affected territory to include a maximum total of 13 single-family residences would generate new water demand for Napa. As previously referenced, Napa's available water supplies are drawn from three separate sources: 1) Lake Hennessey; 2) Milliken Reservoir; and 3) the State Water Project. Napa's most recent Urban Water Management Plan (UWMP) was adopted in 2011 and estimates the total annual water supply generated from these three sources during normal conditions and based on historical patterns is 31,340 acre-feet. These historical patterns also indicate the total annual water supply decreases to 19,896 and 13,533 acre-feet during multiple and single dry year conditions, respectively.

¹¹ NSD expects its operating fund balance to increase at the end of the fiscal year from \$9.5 million to \$15.1 million following all budgeted transfers.

Information provided in the UWMP identifies Napa's available water supplies are more than sufficient in accommodating both current annual demands – 13,877 acrefeet – and the projected buildout demands within the affected territory – 3.6 acrefeet – during normal and multiple dry year conditions. Napa's available water supplies, however, are deficient under current estimated single dry years; a deficit that would be slightly increased with approval of the proposal along with the potential development of up to 13 lots under the City Zoning Ordinance. Napa, accordingly, has established conservation efforts within its UWMP to address the projected deficiency during single dry years. These factors provide reasonable assurances of Napa's ability to effectively accommodate water demands with the minimal increases tied to the affected territory in accordance with G.C. Section 65352.5.

(12) The extent to which the proposal will affect a city or cities and the county in achieving their respective fair shares of the regional housing needs as determined by the appropriate council of governments.

The proposal would not impact any local agencies in accommodating their regional housing needs. The affected territory is already located entirely within Napa's jurisdictional boundary, and as a result, all potential units tied to the land are assigned to the City by the Association of Bay Area Governments.

The proposal could potentially result in a benefit to Napa with respect to achieving the City's fair share of the regional housing need as a result of the eventual development of the affected territory to include up to a total of 13 lots as allowed under the City Zoning Ordinance.

(13) Any information or comments from the landowner or owners, voters, or residents of the affected territory.

The landowner of the affected territory is the petitioner seeking the annexation to NSD. There are no other residents occupying with affected territory.

(14) Any information relating to existing land use designations.

See analysis on pages four and nine of this report.

(15) The extent to which the proposal will promote environmental justice.

There is no documentation or evidence suggesting the proposed annexation will have any implication for environmental justice in Napa County.

(16) For annexations involving special districts, whether the proposed action will be for the interest of the landowners or present or future inhabitants within the district and within the territory proposed to be annexed to the district.

Proposal approval would benefit current and future landowners as well as residents by providing permanent access to public sewer service. Most notably, establishing

permanent public sewer eliminates the need for a septic system in an urbanizing area in which any failings would create a public health and safety threat for immediate and adjacent residents. Establishing permanent public sewer service also eliminates set-aside land requirements previously dedicated to the septic system, which will assist in intensifying future residential development opportunities within the site.

Other Considerations

• Property Tax Agreement

Revenue and Taxation Code Section 99(b)(6) requires adoption of a property tax exchange agreement by affected local agencies before the Commission can consider a proposed boundary change. With this in mind, staff provided notice to NSD and the County of the proposed jurisdictional change affecting both agencies and the need to apply a property tax exchange to the proceedings. Both agencies confirmed a master property tax agreement adopted in 1980 shall apply to the proposal if approved by the Commission. This master property tax agreement specifies no exchange or redistribution of property tax revenues will occur as a result of annexations to NSD.

• Environmental Review

The Commission serves as lead agency for the proposal under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) given it is solely responsible for approving the underlying activity: annexation. Staff has determined the activity is a project under CEQA and no existing categorical or statutory exemptions apply. Accordingly, staff has prepared an initial study to assess the environmental impacts associated with the annexation. The initial study identifies the annexation may generate future indirect impacts given it does remove an obstacle in accommodating the future division and development of the site to include up to 13 total single-family lots as allowed under the City Zoning Ordinance. None of the indirect impacts identified with the annexation, however, are deemed significant and therefore a draft negative declaration has been prepared.

A copy of the initial study and notice of intent to adopt a negative declaration were circulated for a 21-day review period to local agencies as well as all adjacent neighbors to the affected territory. No comments were received. A copy of the initial study is attached for Commission review along with a draft resolution adopting a negative declaration.

¹² Revenue and Taxation Code (b)(5) states property tax exchanges for jurisdictional changes affecting the service areas or service responsibilities of districts shall be negotiated by the affected county on behalf of the districts.

• Conducting Authority Proceedings

The affected territory is uninhabited under LAFCO law and the sole landowner has consented to the proposal. NSD has also consented to the annexation. Conducting authority proceedings, accordingly, may be waived under G.C. Section 56663.

D. Recommendation

The timing of the proposed annexation of 3174 Valley Green Lane to NSD relative to the factors required by statute and policy for consideration appears appropriate. However, the Commission's practice is to first allow NSD to adopt a resolution that specifies terms and conditions applicable to the proposed annexation. It is anticipated NSD will adopt terms and conditions specific to the proposal at the District's October 16, 2013 meeting. Staff recommends adoption of the environmental determination (Option 1A) and continuance on the proposal to the next regular Commission meeting (Option 2A).

It is also recommended the following conditions of approval be applied with delegation to the Executive Officer to determine when the requested actions have been sufficiently satisfied before proceeding with a recordation.

- Submittal of a map and geographic description of the affected territory conforming to the requirements of the State Board of Equalization.
- Payment of any outstanding fees owed to other agencies involved in the processing of this proposal as identified in the Commission's adopted fee schedule.
- An indemnification agreement signed by the applicant in a form provided by the Commission Counsel.

E. Alternatives for Commission Action

The following alternative actions are available for Commission consideration with respect to (a) making an environmental determination and (b) considering the proposed annexation.

Environmental Determination

Option 1A: Adopt the draft resolution identified as Attachment Three approving a negative declaration for the proposed annexation. If this option is selected, the Commission can consider making a determination on the proposed annexation.

Option 1B: Continue consideration of the negative declaration for the proposed annexation to a future meeting. If this option is selected, the Commission cannot consider making a determination on the proposed annexation.

Proposal Determination

- Option 2A: Continue consideration of the proposal to the next regular meeting and provide direction to staff for additional information as needed.
- Option 2B: Disapprove the proposal. Disapproval would statutorily prohibit the initiation of a similar proposal for one year unless a request for reconsideration is filed and approved within 30 days of Commission action. The existing outside service agreement will expire on July 19, 2014.
- Option 2C: Adopt the draft resolution identified as Attachment Four approving the proposal with the conditions identified in the preceding section along with any desired changes as requested by members.

F. Procedures for Consideration

This item has been agenized for consideration as part of a noticed public hearing. The following procedures are recommended with respect to the Commission's consideration of this item:

- 1) Receive verbal report from staff;
- 2) Open the public hearing and invite testimony (mandatory); and
- 3) Discuss item and if appropriate close the hearing and consider action on recommendation.

Respectfully submitted,	
Peter Banning	Brendon Freeman
Acting Executive Officer	Analyst

Attachments:

- 1) Initial Study: Proposed Annexation of 3174 Valley Green Lane to Napa Sanitation District
- 2) Application Materials
- 3) Draft Resolution Approving the Negative Declaration
- 4) Draft Resolution Approving the Proposal
- 5) Commission General Policy Determinations



Local Agency Formation Commission of Napa County

1030 Seminary Street, Suite B Napa, California 94559 http://www.napa.lafco.ca.gov

September 5, 2013

INITIAL STUDY OF ENVIROMENTAL SIGNIFICANCE

1. **Project Title:** Proposed Annexation of 3174 Valley Green Lane to Napa

Sanitation District

2. Lead Agency: Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCO) of Napa County

1030 Seminary Street, Suite B Napa, California 94559

3. Contact Person: Brendon Freeman, Analyst

LAFCO of Napa County

(707) 259-8645

bfreeman@napa.lafco.ca.gov

4. Background/
Project Description:

Project Description: LAFCO has received an application from a property owner proposing the annexation of a single residential lot located at 3174 Valley Green Lane to the Napa Sanitation District (NSD). The purpose of the annexation is to establish permanent public sewer service to an existing single-family residence and a detached second unit, which are already connected to NSD as a result of a recently approved outside service agreement (OSA). LAFCO approved the OSA to expedite sewer service to the residential property given the affected home's septic system had failed causing a public health threat as verified by the County of Napa Environmental Management Division. The OSA expires on July 19, 2014.

This initial study contemplates the impact of the proposed annexation as described given an exemption was not identified as an available alternative.

5. Project Location:

The project location consists of 2.2 acres of incorporated territory near the intersection of Browns Valley Road and Thompson Avenue in the City of Napa. It includes one entire residential lot with a situs address of 3174 Valley Green Lane, hereinafter referred to as the "project site." The County of Napa Assessor's Office identifies the affected residential lot as 050-400-005. A map showing the project site is depicted in Figure "A" on page four of this initial study.

Initial Study of Environmental Significance: Proposed Annexation of 3174 Valley Green Lane to Napa Sanitation District Page 2 of 29

6. Project Sponsor/

Applicant: Dale James, Property Owner

1030 Easum Drive Napa, California 94558

7. General Plan

Designations: The City of Napa is the existing land use authority and designates

the entire project site as Single Family Residential – 42 with a minimum

lot size requirement of 0.25 acres.

8. Zoning Standards: The City of Napa is the land use authority and zones the project site

as Residential Single – 7 with a minimum lot size requirement of 0.16 acres. (As a charter-law city, Napa may adopt zoning standards that

are inconsistent with general plans.)

9. Surrounding

Land Uses: The project site is completely surrounded by incorporated lands

within the City of Napa comprising single-family residential uses.

10. Other Agency

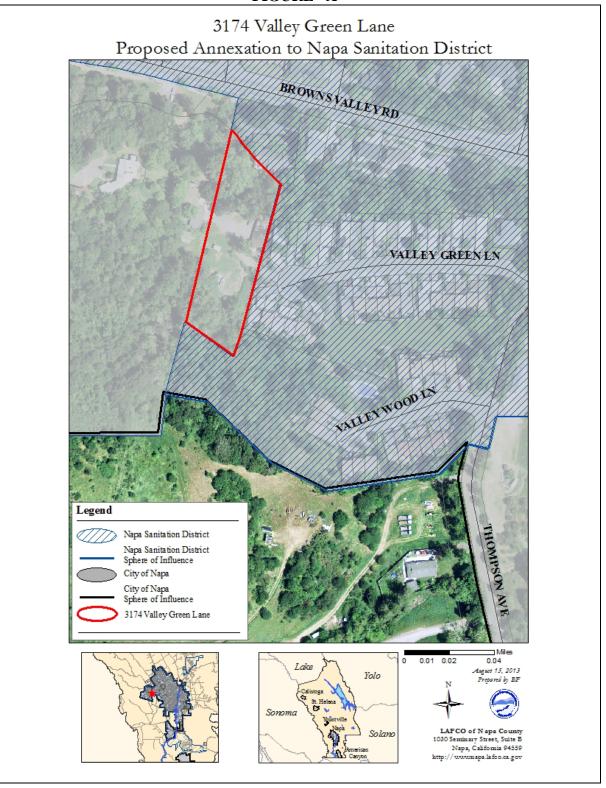
Approval: NSD (permanent sewer service connection)

Initial Study of Environmental Significance: Proposed Annexation of 3174 Valley Green Lane to Napa Sanitation District Page 3 of 29

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

	ked below potentially would be	significantly affected by this		
project, as indicated by the checkl	ist on the following pages.			
 □ Aesthetics □ Agricultural Resources □ Air Quality □ Biological Resources □ Cultural Resources □ Geology and Soils 	 □ Hazards/ Hazardous Materials □ Hydrology/Water Quality □ Land Use and Planning □ Mineral Resources □ Noise □ Population and Housing 	 □ Public Services □ Recreation □ Transportation/Traffic □ Utilities/Service Systems □ Findings of Significance 		
DETERMINATION:				
On the basis of information analy	zed in this initial evaluation:			
	d project COULD NOT have ATIVE DECLATION will be pre			
☐ I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATEI NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.				
	☐ I find that the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIROMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.			
"potentially significant ur effect 1) has been adequat standards, and 2) has been described in the attached	d project MAY have a "potentialess mitigated" impact on the entirely analyzed in an earlier document addressed by mitigation measured sheets. An ENVIRONMEN' trze only the effects that remain to be	nvironment, but at least one at pursuant to applicable legal is based on the earlier analysis ITAL IMPACT REPORT is		
environment, because all printed in an earlier ENV DECLARATION pursua mitigated pursuant to NEGATIVE DECLARA	I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier ENVIROMENTAL IMPACT REPORT or NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to the earlier ENVIROMENTAL IMPACT REPORT or NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project. Nothing further is required.			
Breidon Lesma	September 5,	2013		
Signature	Date			
Brendon Freeman Preparer's Name	LAFCO of N Lead Agency	apa County		

FIGURE "A"



ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKLIST

The following is the environmental checklist form presented in Appendix G of the CEQA Guidelines. The checklist form is used to describe the potential environmental impacts of the proposed project with respect to 17 factors prescribed for consideration. A brief discussion follows each environmental issue identified in the checklist. For this checklist, the following four designations are used:

- Potentially Significant Impact: An impact that may be significant, and for which no mitigation has been identified.
- Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated: An impact that requires mitigation measures to reduce the effect to a less-than-significant level.
- Less-Than-Significant Impact: Any impact that may not be considered significant under CEQA relative to baseline conditions.
- No Impact. Baseline conditions remain unchanged.

Issu	es		Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than- Significant Impact	No Impact
1.		ESTHETICS ould the project:				
	a.	Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?			•	
	b.	Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a State scenic highway?			•	
	c.	Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?			•	
	d.	Create a new source of substantial light or glare, which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?			•	

The project will not directly impact aesthetics with regard to effecting scenic vistas, damaging scenic resources, degrading visual character, or creating new sources of light given no physical changes to the environment shall occur as a result of the annexation. Making available permanent public sewer service, however, does remove an obstacle in accommodating the future division and development of the project site to potentially include up to a total of 13 singlefamily lots as allowed under the City's Zoning Ordinance. This accommodation highlights the potential the project may generate future indirect impacts on aesthetics due to the construction of additional structures and facilities. An assessment on aesthetic impacts relating to planned citywide development was addressed in the FEIR prepared for the City General Plan on pages 3.6-1 to 3.6-5. Pertinent mitigating policies and implementation measures to manage citywide aesthetic impacts and relevant to this project are outlined in the General Plan's Land Use, Housing, and Natural Resources Elements and include: LU-1.2; LU-1.4; LU-1.5; LU-1.8; LU-1.B; LU-1.C; LU-4.10; LU-4.11; LU-4.A; LU-4.B; LU-10.1; LU.10.2; LU-10.3; LU-10.4; LU-10.5; LU-10.A; LU-10.C; H-3.1; H-3.2; H-3.3; H-3.7; H-3.A; H-3.B; H-3.C; H-3.I; H-3.J; NR-1.6; NR-1.7; NR-1.C; and NR-1.E. This document provides sufficient and reasonable assurances any potential future indirect impacts on aesthetics associated with the project have been adequately assessed for purposes of avoidance and/or mitigation, and therefore deemed less than significant (a, b, c, and d).

Iss	ues		Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than- Significant Impact	No Impact
2.		GRICULTURE RESOURCES ould the project:				
	a.	Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland) as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?				•
	b.	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract?				•
	c.	Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in loss of Farmland, to non-agricultural use?				•

The project will not have direct or indirect impacts on agricultural resources. The project site is identified as urban land by the California Natural Resources Agency (a). The project site is not subject to an agricultural zoning standard or a Williamson Act contract or involves any other changes that could result in prime, unique, or statewide important farmland losses (b and c).

Issi	ıes		Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than- Significant Impact	No Impact
3.		R QUALITY buld the project:				
	a.	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?			•	
	b.	Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation?			•	
	c.	Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?			•	
	d.	Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?			•	
	e.	Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?			•	

The project will not directly impact air quality with regard to conflicting with applicable air quality plans and standards or cause objectionable odors and pollutants given no physical changes to the environment shall occur as a result of the annexation. permanent public sewer service, however, does remove an obstacle in accommodating the future division and development of the project site to potentially include up to a total of 13 singlefamily lots as allowed under the City's Zoning Ordinance. This accommodation highlights the potential the project may create future indirect impacts during construction phases as well as from additional vehicular emissions to and from the project site. An assessment on air quality impacts relating to planned citywide development was addressed in the FEIR prepared for the City General Plan on pages 3.10-1 to 3.10-5. Pertinent mitigating policies and implementation measures to manage citywide air quality impacts consistent with Bay Area Air Quality Management District standards and germane to this project are outlined in the General Plan's Natural Resources and Transportation Elements and include: NR-5.1; NR-5.2; NR-5.3; NR-5.4; NR-5.5; NR-5.6; T-1.1; T-5.1; T-5.2; T-5.13; T-5.B; T-6.1; T-6.2; and T-6.10. These documents provide sufficient and reasonable assurances any potential future indirect impacts on air quality associated with the project have been adequately assessed for purposes of avoidance and/or mitigation, and therefore deemed less than significant (a, b, c, d, and e).

Issi			Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than- Significant Impact	No Impact
4.		OLOGICAL RESOURCES ould the project:				
	a.	Have a substantial adversely effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the State Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				•
	b.	Have a substantial adverse impact on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and regulations or by State Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				•
	c.	Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by the Clean Water Act through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				•
	d.	Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of wildlife nursery sites?				•
	e.	Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?				•
	f.	Conflict with an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Conservation Community Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?				•

<u>Discussion/Analysis</u>:

The project will not have any direct or indirect impacts on biological resources. There are no endangered, sensitive, or special status species, riparian habitat, sensitive communities, or protected wetlands within the project site listed in federal, state, or local agency indices (a, b, and c). The project would not substantially effect in impeding the movement of any habitat within the project site (d). The project does not conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources or the provisions of a habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan (e and f).

Iss	Potentially Significant Potentially Unless Less-Than- Significant Mitigation Significant No Issues Impact Incorporated Impact Impact						
5.		ULTURAL RESOURCES ould the project:					
	a.	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in Section 15064.5?				•	
	b.	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to Section 15064.5?				•	
	c.	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site, or unique geologic feature?				•	
	d.	Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries.				•	

The project will not have direct or indirect impacts on cultural resources. No historical, archeological, or paleontological resources have been identified within the project site in state or local registries (a, b, c, and d).

Issi	ues		Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than- Significant Impact	No Impact
6.		EOLOGY AND SOILS ould the project:				
	a.	Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving:				
		i. Rupture of a known earthquake fault as delineated on the most recent Alquist - Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.				
		ii. Strong seismic ground shaking?				•
		iii. Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?				•
		iv. Landslides?				•
	b.	Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?			•	
	c.	Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in onor off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?				•
	d.	Be located on expansive soils, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?			•	
	e.	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of wastewater?				•

The project will not directly impact geology and soils given no physical changes to the environment shall occur as a result of the annexation. Making available permanent public sewer service, however, does remove an obstacle in accommodating the future division and development of the site to potentially include up to a total of 13 single-family lots as allowed under the City's Zoning Ordinance. This accommodation highlights the potential the project may create future indirect geology and soil impacts due to soil erosion and topsoil losses due to grading activities associated with new development along with damage to man-made structures

due to the presence of expansive soils. An assessment on all geology and soil impacts relating to planned citywide development has been addressed in the FEIR prepared for the City General Plan on pages 3.8-1 to 3.8-3. Pertinent mitigating policies and implementation measures to manage citywide impacts on soil erosion and topsoil losses relevant to the project are outlined in the General Plan's Health and Safety Element and include: HS-2.1; HS-2.2; and HS-2.A. This document provides sufficient and reasonable assurances any potential future indirect impacts relating to soil erosion, top soil losses, and damages tied to expansive soils associated with the project have been adequately assessed for purposes of avoidance and/or mitigation, and therefore deemed less than significant (b and d). The project site is not located within an Alquist Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone, which protects against soil liquefaction, subsidence, and landslide, nor underlain by an unstable geological unit or soil (a and c). Public sewer service is currently available and provided to the project site by NSD through an OSA (e).

Iss	ues		Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than- Significant Impact	No Impact
7.		AZARDS & HAZARDOUS MATERIALS ould the project:				
	a.	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?			•	
	b.	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?			•	
	c.	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?				•
	d.	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				•
	e.	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				•
	f.	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				•
	g.	Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				
	h.	Expose people or structures to the risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?				•

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Discussion/Analysis:

The project will not directly create impacts in terms of emitting or transporting hazards or hazardous materials. Making available permanent public sewer service, however, does remove an obstacle in accommodating the future division and development of the site to potentially include up to 13 single-family lots as allowed under the City's Zoning Ordinance. This accommodation highlights the potential the project may create future indirect impacts in creating, emitting, or transporting hazards or hazardous materials due to their handling during construction, such as storing diesel fuel for ancillary equipment. However, preexisting local and state regulations concerning the use and storage of these materials result in a less-than significant impact (a and b). The project site is not included in a list of hazardous material sites compiled by the California Department of Toxic Substances Control, commonly known as the "Cortese List" (d). The project site is not located within a quarter mile of an existing or proposed school (c). The project site is also not located in a high wildland fire risk area or near a private or public airstrip or physically interferes with an adopted emergency plan (e, f, g, and h).

Issı	ıes		Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than- Significant Impact	No Impact
8.		YDROLOGY & WATER QUALITY buld the project:				
	a.	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?				•
	b.	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?			•	
	c.	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on-or-offsite?			•	
	d.	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or off-site?			•	
	e.	Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned storm water drainage systems to control?			•	
	f.	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?				•
	g.	Place housing within a 100-year floodplain, as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?			•	
	h.	Place within a 100-year floodplain structures which would impede or redirect flood flows?			•	
	i.	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam?				•
	i	Inundation by seiche tsunami or mudflow?				

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Discussion/Analysis:

The project will not directly or indirectly impact hydrology and water quality as it relates to violating or degrading water quality standards or waste discharge requirements (a and f). The project will also not directly or indirectly impact hydrology and water quality as it relates to altering a stream or river and is not located within reasonable distance of a dam or levee (i and j). Making available permanent public sewer service, however, does remove an obstacle in accommodating the future division and development of the site to potentially include up to a total of 13 single-family lots as allowed under the City's Zoning Ordinance. accommodation highlights the potential the project may create future indirect hydrology and water quality impacts with regard to increasing groundwater withdraws, increasing surface runoff that could contribute to on or offsite flooding, adding demands on the storm water drainage system due to the construction of impervious surfaces, and placing housing within a 100-year floodplain. An assessment on all hydrology and water quality impacts relating to planned citywide development has been addressed in the FEIR prepared for the City General Plan on pages 3.9-1 to 3.9-3. Pertinent mitigating policies and implementation measures to manage citywide impacts on groundwater, runoff, storm water drainage systems, and the 100-year floodplain germane to this project are outlined in the General Plan's Community Services, Natural Resources, and Health and Safety Elements and include: CS-11.1; CS-11.2; CS-11.3; CS-11.4; CS-11.5; CS-11.6; CS-11.7; CS-11.A; NR-1.4; NR-4.1; NR-4.7; HS-3.2; HS-3.4; and HS-3.5. These documents provide reasonable assurances any potential future indirect impacts on groundwater, storm water drainage systems, runoff, and the 100-year floodplain tied to the project have already been adequately assessed for purposes of avoidance and mitigation, and therefore deemed less-than-significant (b, c, d, e, g, and h).

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Issues			Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than- Significant Impact	No Impact
9.		AND USE PLANNING ould the project:				
	a.	Physically divide an established community?				-
	b.	Conflict with any applicable land use plans, policies, or regulations of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating on environmental effect?				-
	c.	Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan?				•

Discussion/Analysis:

The project will not have direct or indirect impacts on land use planning. The project does not physically divide an established community; project site is substantially surrounded by both NSD and the City's jurisdictional boundary and access is entirely dependent on City roads (a). The project is consistent with the City's land use policies as well as LAFCO's adopted sphere of influence for NSD (b). The project does not conflict with any applicable conservation plan (c).

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Issu	ies	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than- Significant Impact	No Impact
10.	MINERAL RESOURCES Would the project:				
	a. Result in the loss of availability of mineral resource that would be of valregion and the residents of the State?				•
	b. Result in the loss of availability of important mineral resource recov delineated on a local general plan, spe or other land use plan?	ery site			•

<u>Discussion/Analysis</u>:

The project will not have direct or indirect impacts on mineral resources. There are no known mineral resources of value or locally important within the project site as delineated under the City or County General Plans (a and b).

Issues		Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than- Significant Impact	No Impact	
11.		OISE ould the project result in:				
	a.	Exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?			•	
	b.	Exposure of persons to or generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels?			•	
	c.	A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?				•
	d.	A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?			•	
	e.	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				•
	f.	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				•

The project will not directly create noise impacts given no physical changes to the environment shall occur as a result of the annexation. Making available permanent public sewer service, however, does remove an obstacle in accommodating the future division and development of the site to potentially include up to a total of 13 single-family lots as allowed under the City's Zoning Ordinance. This accommodation highlights the potential the project may create future indirect impacts involving temporary or periodic increases in noise levels and groundborne vibrations as a result of a future development approval. An assessment on all noise related impacts associated with planned citywide development has been addressed in the FEIR prepared for the City General Plan on pages 3.11-1 to 3.11-9. Pertinent mitigating policies and implementation measures to manage citywide impacts relating to noises and relevant to this project are outlined in the General Plan's Health and Safety Element and include: HS-9.1; HS-9.2; HS-9.3; HS-9.4; HS-9.5; HS-9.6; HS-9.7; HS-9.8; HS-9.9; HS-9.10; HS-9.11; HS-9.12; HS-9.13; HS-9.14; HS-9.A; and HS-9.B. This document provides sufficient and reasonable assurances any potential future indirect impacts on creating noises and groundborne vibrations associated with the project have been adequately assessed for purposes of avoidance and/or

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mitigation, and therefore deemed less than significant (a, b, and d). The project site is substantially surrounded by existing urban uses with typical residential noise environment, and therefore potential new permanent noises associated with its development would be considered non-substantial (c). The project is not located within an airport land use plan or in the vicinity of a private airstrip, and thereby negating any potential direct or indirect noises associated with aircraft (e and f).

Issi	ues		Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than- Significant Impact	No Impact
12.		OPULATION AND HOUSING ould the project:				
	a.	Induce substantial growth in an area, either directly or indirectly?			•	
	b.	Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				•
	c.	Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				•

The project will not directly create impacts on population and housing given no physical changes to the environment shall occur as a result of the annexation. Making available permanent public sewer service, however, does remove an obstacle in accommodating the future division and development of the site to potentially include up to a total of 13 single-family lots as allowed under the City's Zoning Ordinance. This accommodation highlights the potential the project may create future indirect impacts in terms of fostering new growth. An assessment on growth impacts associated with planned citywide development has been addressed in the FEIR prepared for the City General Plan on pages 3.2-1 to 3.2-8. Pertinent mitigating policies and implementation measures to manage growth impacts are outlined throughout the General Plan's Land Use and Housing Elements. These documents provide sufficient and reasonable assurances any potential future indirect impacts on growth associated with the project have been adequately assessed for purposes of mitigation, and therefore deemed less than significant (a). There is no evidence to suggest the project will directly or indirectly displace substantial numbers of existing housing or people either in the short or long term (b and c).

		Potentially		
		Significant		
	Potentially	Unless	Less-Than-	
	Significant	Mitigation	Significant	No
Issues	Impact	Incorporated	Impact	Impact

13. PUBLIC SERVICES

Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:

0	Eine anatostica)			_	
a.	Fire protection?	Ш	Ш	•	Ш
b.	Police protection?			•	
c.	Schools?			•	
d.	Parks?			•	
e.	Other public facilities?			•	

Discussion/Analysis:

The project will not directly create impacts on public services given no physical changes to the environment shall occur as a result of the annexation. Making available permanent public sewer service, however, does remove an obstacle in accommodating the future division and development of the site to potentially include up to a total of 13 single-family lots as allowed under the City's Zoning Ordinance. This accommodation highlights the potential the project may create future indirect impacts on public fire, police, schools, park, and emergency medical services as a result of a future development approval. An assessment on public service impacts associated with planned citywide development has been addressed in the FEIR prepared for the City General Plan on pages 3.4-1 to 3.4-17. Pertinent mitigating policies and implementation measures to manage impacts on these public services and germane to this project are outlined in the General Plan's Community Services Element and include: CS-1.1 through CS-1.7; CS-1.A through CS-1.B; CS-2.1 through CS-2.2; CS-3.1 through CS-3.3; CS-4.1 through CS-4.4; CS-4.A through CS-4.D; CS-5.1 through CS-5.8; CS-5.A through CS-5.C; CS-6.1 through CS-6.8; CS-6.A through CS-6.B; CS-7.1 through CS-7.5; CS-7.A; CS-8.1 through CS-8.3; CS-9.1 through CS-9.9; CS-9.A; CS-10.1 through CS-10.3. This document provides sufficient and reasonable assurances any potential future indirect impacts on these public services associated with the project have been adequately assessed for purposes of avoidance and/or mitigation, and therefore deemed less than significant (a, b, c, d, and e).

Issı	ıes		Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than- Significant Impact	No Impact
14.	R	ECREATION				
	a.	Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?			•	
	b.	Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				•

Discussion/Analysis:

The project will not directly impact recreational resources given no physical changes to the environment shall occur as a result of the annexation. Making available permanent public sewer service, however, does remove an obstacle in accommodating the future division and development of the site to potentially include up to a total of 13 single-family lots as allowed under the City's Zoning Ordinance. This accommodation highlights the potential the project may create future indirect impacts on recreational resources in terms of increasing the use of existing parks and related facilities as a result of a future development approval. An assessment on all recreational related impacts associated with planned citywide development was addressed in the City General Plan's Parks and Recreation Element FEIR. Pertinent mitigating policies and implementation measures to manage citywide impacts on existing parks and related facilities relevant to this project are outlined in the General Plan's Parks and Resources Element and include: PR-1.1 through PR-1.24; PR-1.A through PR-1.G; PR-2.1 through PR-2.15; PR-2.A through PR-2.D; PR-3.1 through PR-3.11; PR-3.A; PR-4.1 through PR-4.17; PR-4.A through PR-4.C; PR-5.1 through PR-5.19; PR-5.A; PR-7.1 through PR-7.10; and PR-7.A through PR-7.C. This document provides sufficient and reasonable assurances any potential future indirect impacts on parks and related facilities associated with the project have been already adequately assessed for purposes of avoidance and/or mitigation, and therefore deemed less than significant (a). The project does not include any recreational facilities nor would it require construction or expansion of existing facilities (b).

Iss	ues		Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than- Significant Impact	No Impact
15.		RANSPORTATION AND TRAFFIC buld the project:				
	a.	Cause an increase in traffic which is substantial in relation to the existing traffic load and capacity of the street system?			•	
	b.	Exceed, either individually or cumulatively, a level of service standard established by the County Congestion Management Agency for designated roads or highways?			•	
	c.	Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?				•
	d.	Substantially increase hazards due to a design?				
	e.	Result in inadequate emergency access?				
	f.	Result in inadequate parking capacity?			•	
	g.	Conflict with adopted policies supporting alternative transportation?				•

Discussion/Analysis:

The project will not directly impact transportation or traffic given no physical changes to the environment shall occur as a result of the annexation. Making available permanent public sewer service, however, remove an obstacle in accommodating the future division and development of the project site to potentially include up to a total of 13 single-family lots as allowed under the City's Zoning Ordinance. This accommodation highlights the potential the project may create future indirect impacts on roadway traffic in terms of increasing vehicle trips to and from the site over current conditions as a result of a future development approval. An assessment on all transportation and traffic impacts relating to planned citywide development has been addressed in the FEIR prepared for the City General Plan on pages 3.3-1 to 3.3-15. Pertinent mitigating policies and implementation measures to manage citywide impacts on traffic trips and capacities as well as parking capacity relevant to the project are outlined in the General Plan's Transportation Element and include: T-1.1 through T-1.11; T-1.B through T-1.E; T-1.G; T-2.1 through T-2.7; T-4.1 through T-4.5; and T-4.A through T-4.C. This document provides sufficient and reasonable assurances any potential future indirect impacts on vehicle trips associated with the project have been already adequately assessed for purposes of avoidance and/or mitigation, and therefore deemed less than significant (a and b). The project would not result in any direct or indirect changes in air traffic patterns (c). The project would not directly or indirectly create a design hazard, impede emergency access, generate inadequate parking capacity, or conflict with any policies promoting alternative transportation given the site is located within an existing urbanized area (d, e, f, and g).

Issu	ıes		Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than- Significant Impact	No Impact
16.		TILITIES & SERVICE SYSTEMS ould the project:				
	a.	Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?			•	
	b.	Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?			•	
	c.	Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?			•	
	d.	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?			•	
	e.	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?			•	
	f.	Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?			•	
	g.	Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste?			•	

<u>Discussion/Analysis</u>:

The project will not directly impact water, sewer, and solid waste service utilities given no substantive physical changes to the environment shall occur as a result of the annexation. Making available permanent public sewer service, however, does remove an obstacle in accommodating the future division and development of the site to potentially include up to a total of 13 single-family lots as allowed under the City's Zoning Ordinance. This accommodation highlights the potential the project may create future indirect and cumulative impacts on water, sewer, solid waste, and storm drainage service utilities in terms of increasing uses as a result of a future development approval. An assessment on water, sewer, and solid waste service utility impacts relating to planned citywide development have been addressed in the FEIR prepared for the City General Plan on pages 3.4-2 through 3.4-15. An assessment on impacts on storm drainage service relating to planned citywide growth and development is

addressed on pages 3.9-1 to 3.9-3 in the FEIR. Pertinent mitigating policies and implementation measures to manage impacts on water, sewer, solid waste, and storm drainage service utilities are outlined in the General Plan's Community Service Element and include: CS-9.1 through CS-9.10; CS-9.A; CS-10.1 through CS-10.3; CS-11.1 through CS-11.9; CS-11.A; CS-12.1 through CS-12.2; and CS-12.A. Further, NSD also has prepared a recent master plan to inform current and future capital improvement planning activities through 2030, which markedly contemplates serving the project site at its maximum assigned densities allowed under the City's General Plan and Zoning Ordinance. These documents provide sufficient reasonable assurances any potential indirect impacts on the referenced service utilities tied to the project have been adequately assessed for purposes of avoidance, mitigation, and accommodation, and therefore deemed less-than-significant (a, b, c, d, e, f, and g).

Issı	ıes		Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than- Significant Impact	No Impact
17.		ANDATORY FINDINGS OF GNIFICANCE				
	a.	Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples major periods of state history or prehistory?				•
	b.	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable?				•
	c.	Does the project have environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?				•

Discussion/Analysis:

The project will not have direct or indirect impacts on biological resources, such as fish or wildlife species, as analyzed on page nine of this initial study. The potential future development of the project site aided by making permanent public sewer available to include up to a total of 13 single-family lots as allowed under the City's Zoning Ordinance may result in individually limited impacts on humans as well as on aesthetics, air quality, biological resources, hydrology, noise, population, public services, recreation, traffic, and utilities. These individual impacts would not be substantial or cumulatively considerable given any future development of the project site will need to comply with previously approved mitigating policies and programs of the City as the land use authority, and therefore result in de minimis contributions (a, b, and c).

SOURCES

Documents

- City of Napa, General Plan Policy Document, December 1998
- City of Napa, General Plan Final Environmental Impact Report, December 1998
- City of Napa, Parks and Recreation Element Final Environmental Impact Report, October 1993
- City of Napa, Municipal Code: Section 17.08, Residential Zoning Districts, 2008
- City of Napa, Combined Historic Resources List, January 2000
- County of Napa, Napa County Baseline Data Report, November 2005
- LAFCO of Napa County, Sphere of Influence Update: Napa Sanitation District, August 2006
- LAFCO of Napa County, Municipal Service Review and Sphere of Influence Update of the City of Napa, June 2005
- LAFCO of Napa County, Comprehensive Study of Sanitation and Wastewater Treatment Providers, 2005-2006
- Bay Area Air Quality Management District, CEQA Guidelines, Prepared December 1999
- State of California, Natural Resources Agency, Napa County Important Farmland Map, 2010.

These documents are available for review at the LAFCO administration office located at 1030 Seminary Street, Suite B, Napa, California 94559.

Websites

- State of California: California Environmental Resources Evaluation System; Environmental Information by Geographic Area; Napa County; Historical and Cultural Resources: "California Historical Landmarks in Napa County," http://ceres.ca.gov/geo/area/counties/Napa/landmarks.html
- State of California: California Environmental Protection Agency; Cortese List of Hazardous Material Sites, http://www.calepa.ca.gov/sitecleanup/corteselist/default.htm
- State of California: California Geological Survey; Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zones; http://www.consrv.ca.gov/CGS/rghm/ap/index.htm
- County of Napa GIS Parcel Mapping application http://2kgisweb/gisweb/InteractiveMap3.asp
- State of California: Department of Fish and Wildlife, California Natural Diversity Database http://www.dfg.ca.gov/biogeodata/cnddb/ (Accessed through County of Napa)

- State of California: Department of Toxic Substances Control, Toxic Substance Database http://www.dtsc.ca.gov
- State of California: Department of Toxic Substances Control, Cortese Hazardous Waste and Substances Sites List Database http://www.envirostor.dtsc.ca.gov
- State of California: State Water Resources Control Board, Geo'Tracker Database http://www.geotracker.swrcb.ca.gov
- State of California: Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery, Solid Waste Information System Database http://www.calrecycle.ca.gov

FORM B

01.01
6/26/13
BF

PETITION FOR PROPOSAL

For Filing with the Local Agency Formation Commission of Napa County

A proposal for a change of organization made by a landowner or registered voter shall be initiated by petition. The petition shall state the nature of the proposal and all associated proposed changes of organization. It shall also state the reason for the proposal and enumerate and include supporting information as required under Government Code Section 56700. The petition must be submitted to the Executive Officer for filing within 60 days after the last signature is affixed. Applicants are encouraged to use this form.

Nature of Proposal and All Associated Changes of Organization:						
ANEXATION TO NAPA	SABITATION	DISTRICT				
	1779					
Description of Boundaries of Affected	Territory Accompanied	by Map:				
3174 VALLEY GRE AT LATER DATE;	EN / MAP 7	O BE SUBMITTED				
AT LATER DATE;						
Reason for Proposal and Any Propose	d Conditions:					
FOR CONNECTION	FOR PUBLIC	SEWER SYSTEM				
	-1					
s		-				
Type of Petition:	Landowner	Registered Voter				
Sphere of Influence Consistency:	Yes	No				

If Landowner Petition, Complete the Following:

1)	Name:	UACE JAMES
	Mailing Address:	1030 EASUM DR
	Assessor Parcel:	050-400-005
	Signature:	Date: 6-26-13
2)	Name:	
	Mailing Address:	
	Assessor Parcel:	
	Signature:	Date:
3)	Name:	
	Mailing Address:	
	Assessor Parcel:	
	Signature:	Date:
If Re	gistered Voter Petit	tion, Complete the Following:
1)	Name:	
* 4	Mailing Address:	
	Resident Address:	
	Signature:	Date:
2)	Name:	
	Mailing Address:	
	Resident Address:	
	Signature:	Date:
3)	Name:	
	Mailing Address:	
	Resident Address:	
	Signature:	Date:

III. GENERAL INFORMATION

А.	Locat	ion:	Street Ad	Alley GR	Assessor Pa	0 - 400-0 arcel Number	05 2.2 Acres
			Street Ad	ldress	Assessor Pa	arcel Number	Acres
			Street Ad	Idress	Assessor Pa	arcel Number	Acres
			Street Ad	Idress	Assessor Pa	arcel Number	Acres
						Location Size ght-of-Ways)	
В.	Lando	owners:					
	(1)	Assessor Parcel Nu	ımber :	050-40		DAGE -	JAMES
		Mailing Address:		1030	EASOM	DR, N	APA, CA
		Phone Number:			1516 E-mail: [PDALEJAN
	(2)	Assessor Parcel Nu	ımber :		Name:		
		Mailing Address:			10174X		
		Phone Number:			E-mail:		
	(3)	Assessor Parcel Nu	ımber :		Name:		
		Mailing Address:		×			
		Phone Number:			E-mail:		
	(4)	Assessor Parcel Nu	ımber :		Name:		
		Mailing Address:		***			
		Phone Number:			E-mail:		
						Use Additional Si	heets As Needed
C.	Popula	ation:				ę	
	(1)	Total Number of R	esidents:		s=====================================	Q	
	(2)	Total Number of R	egistered V	Voters:		Ø	

	1/-//-
Date Filed:	6/26/13
Received By:	BF

JUSTIFICATION OF PROPOSAL

Change of Organization/Reorganization

A	PPLICANT INFORM	IATION			
Α.	Name: Z	OALE 7	AMES	Agency/Busin	ness (If Applicable)
		30 E Number	ASUM DR Street Name	City	4 9455 Zip Code
		2-494-1570 Number	Facsimile Number	1516 DTA E-Mail Addr	AMES @ DALET
В.	Applicant Type: (Check One)	Local Agen	cy Register	ed Voter I	Landowner
PI	ROPOSAL DESCRII	PTION	5-4-1	-	
A.	Affected Agencies:	Name	SADITAT	Address	RICT
		Name		Address	
		Name		Address	
			*	Use Addit	ional Sheets as Needed
	Proposal Type: (Check as Needed)	Annexation	Detachment	City Incorporation	District Formation
		City/District Dissolution	City/District Merger	Service Activation (District Only)	Service Divestiture (District Only)
C.	Purpose Statement: (Specific)			ECT FROM	
	· -	SEPTI	C SYSTEM	AND COR	DECT TO
		IUBIC	SEWER	SYSTEM	<u> </u>

D.	Land 1	Use Factors:									
	(1a)	County General Pla	n Designation:	Cities							
	(1b)	County Zoning Star	ndard:	Napa							
	(2a)	Applicable City Ge	neral Plan Designation:	SFR-42							
	(2b)	Applicable City Pre	zoning Standard:	_RS-7							
E.	Existin (Specif	ng Land Uses: fic)	SINGLE F.	AMILY RESIDEN	DTIAL						
F.	Develo	ppment Plans:									
	(1a)	Territory Subject to	a Development Project?	Yes	No						
	(1b) If Yes, Describe Project:										
	(1c)	If No, When Is Dev	elopment Anticipated?	NOT AT THIS T	IME						
G.	Physic	al Characteristics:									
	(1)	Describe Topograph	12 ACRE FI	AT, / / AURE Slig	GHT SlopE						
		WITH VE	GITATOOD O								
	(2)	Describe Any Natur	ral Boundaries:	*							
	(3)	Describe Soil Comp	osition and Any Drainage B	Basins:							
	(4)	Describe Vegetation	HONG CRE	EK STANBARD,							
	-		OME TREES	ON Slight S	Slope						
Н.	William (Check	nson Act Contracts		Ves	No.						

IV. GOVERNMENTAL SERVICES AND CONTROLS

(1)	Frumerate and Describe Services to Be Provided to the Affected Torritory							
• •	Enumerate and Describe Services to Be Provided to the Affected Territory: **RUBLIC SEWER SYSTEM TO 2 UNITS**							
(2)	Level and Range of Services to Be Provided to the Affected Territory:							
	SERVICE 2 R-1 (-1-28DR, 1-18DR							
(3)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
	IMEDITATIVE							
3								
(4)	Indication of Any Infrastructure Improvements Necessary to Extend Services to the Affected Territor							
	DUSITE INSTALLATION OF SEWER LINE							
(5)	Information On How Services to the Affected Territory Will Be Financed:							
	UPOD COMPLITION							
,	10 V. 1991 - 10 V. 19 V. 1991 - 10 V. 1991 -							

(1)	Lead Agency for Pro	posal:	Name	_0_			
(2)	Type of Environmen	tal Document Pre	viously Prepared	for Propo	sal:		
	Environmenta	l Impact Report					
	Negative Dec	laration/Mitigated N	Negative Declaration	on			
	Categorical/St	atutory Exemption:				18.400	
	None		Type				
	Provide Copies of Ass	ociated Environme	ntal Documents				
	IONAL INFORMATION						
IDDII	IOME INFORMATI	OI1			-700		
	vai remisand conditi	ions Requested Fo	r Commission Co	onsiderati	on:		
	val recinis and conditi	ions Requested Fo	r Commission Co	onsiderati		tional Sheet	's As Needed
	fy Up to Three Agencie				Use Addi	tional Sheet	s As Needed
		s or Persons to Re			Use Addi	tional Sheet	's As Needed
Identif	fy Up to Three Agencie	s or Persons to Re	ceive Proposal Co	orrespone	Use Addi	tional Sheet	s As Needed
Identif	Fy Up to Three Agencie Recipient Name:	s or Persons to Re 	ceive Proposal Co	orrespond D k	Use Addi		
Identif	Fy Up to Three Agencie Recipient Name: Mailing Address:	s or Persons to Re 	ceive Proposal Co	orrespond D k	Use Addi		
Identif	Ty Up to Three Agencie Recipient Name: Mailing Address: E-Mail:	s or Persons to Re 	ceive Proposal Co	orrespond D k	Use Addi		
Identif	Fy Up to Three Agencie Recipient Name: Mailing Address: E-Mail: Recipient Name:	s or Persons to Re 	ceive Proposal Co	orrespond D k	Use Addi		
Identif	Fy Up to Three Agencie Recipient Name: Mailing Address: E-Mail: Recipient Name: Mailing Address:	s or Persons to Re 	ceive Proposal Co	orrespond D k	Use Addi		
Identif (1) (2)	Ty Up to Three Agencie Recipient Name: Mailing Address: E-Mail: Recipient Name: Mailing Address: E-Mail:	s or Persons to Re 	ceive Proposal Co	orrespond D k	Use Addi		

V. ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

VII. CERTIFICATION

I certify th	e information	contained	in this	app	lication	is c	orrec	et. I ackn	owle	edge	and agree t	he Local	Age	ency
Formation	Commission	of Napa	County	is	relying	on	the	accuracy	of	the	information	provided	in	my
representat	ions in order to	process th	nis appli	cati	on propo	osal.								
•	ions in order to	()1	7											

Signature:

Printed Name:

DAUE

JAMES

Title: Ourse

Date: 6-26-13

RESOLUTION NO. ____

RESOLUTION OF THE LOCAL AGENCY FORMATION COMMISSION OF NAPA COUNTY MAKING DETERMINATIONS AND ADOPTING A NEGATIVE DECLARATION PURSUANT TO THE CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT

VALLEY GREEN LANE NO. 1 ANNEXATION TO THE NAPA SANITATION DISTRICT

WHEREAS, the Local Agency Formation Commission of Napa County, hereinafter referred to as the "Commission," is responsible for regulating boundary changes affecting cities and special districts under the Cortese-Knox-Hertzberg Local Government Reorganization Act of 2000; and

WHEREAS, an application by Dale James, landowner, proposing the annexation of territory to the Napa Sanitation District has been filed with the Commission's Executive Officer, hereinafter referred to as "Executive Officer," in a manner provided by law; and

WHEREAS, the Executive Officer has assigned the said annexation proposal the short-term designation of Valley Green Lane No. 1 Annexation to the Napa Sanitation District; and

WHEREAS, annexations are projects and subject to the provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA); and

WHEREAS, the Commission has determined that, pursuant to CEQA, it is the lead agency for the proposed annexation, hereinafter referred to as the "project"; and

WHEREAS, in accordance with Title 22 of the California Code of Regulations Section 15074, the Commission has been presented with and duly considered an initial study assessing the impact of the project on the environment; and

WHEREAS, the Commission held a duly noticed public hearing on October 7, 2013 to consider the initial study and has determined that the project could not have a significant effect on the environment.

NOW, THEREFORE, THE COMMISSION DOES HEREBY RESOLVE, DETERMINE AND ORDER as follows:

1. The Commission has read and considered the Executive Officer's report and initial study prepared for the project in accordance with the provisions of CEQA.

- 2. The Commission finds the initial study shows there is no substantial evidence in the record as a whole that the project shall have any significant environmental impact. Any future indirect impacts identified in the initial study are reduced to less than significant environmental impact given existing mitigation measures adopted by the City of Napa as the affected land use authority and as specified in the initial study. The Commission therefore adopts each of the environmental findings set forth in the initial study and finds there is no significant impact on the environment that will result from the project.
- 3. The Commission hereby adopts a negative declaration for the project and finds this is based on its independent judgment and analysis.
- 4. The Executive Officer is the custodian of the records of these environmental proceedings on which this determination is based. The records upon which these findings and determination are made are located at the office of the Commission at 1030 Seminary Street, Suite B, Napa, California.

The foregoing resolution was duly and regularly adopted by the Commission at a regular meeting held on October 7, 2013, by the following vote:

AYES:	Commissioners
NOES:	Commissioners
ABSTAIN:	Commissioners
ABSENT:	Commissioners
ATTEST:	Peter Banning Executive Officer
Recorded by:	
	Kathy Mabry
	Commission Secretary

RESOLUTION NO. ____

RESOLUTION OF THE LOCAL AGENCY FORMATION COMMISSION OF NAPA COUNTY MAKING DETERMINATIONS

VALLEY GREEN LANE NO. 1 ANNEXATION TO THE NAPA SANITATION DISTRICT

- **WHEREAS**, the Local Agency Formation Commission of Napa County, hereinafter referred to as the "Commission," is responsible for regulating boundary changes affecting cities and special districts under the Cortese-Knox-Hertzberg Local Government Reorganization Act of 2000; and
- **WHEREAS,** an application by Dale James, landowner, proposing the annexation of territory to the Napa Sanitation District has been filed with the Commission's Executive Officer, hereinafter referred to as "Executive Officer," in a manner provided by law; and
- **WHEREAS**, the Executive Officer reviewed said proposal and prepared a written report, including his recommendations thereon; and
- **WHEREAS**, said proposal and the Executive Officer's report have been presented to the Commission in a manner provided by law; and
- **WHEREAS**, the Commission heard and fully considered all the evidence presented at a public meeting held on said proposal; and
- **WHEREAS**, the Commission considered all the factors required by law under Sections 56668 and 56668.3 of the California Government Code; and
- **WHEREAS**, the Commission found the proposal consistent with the sphere of influence established for the Napa Sanitation District; and
- **WHEREAS**, the Commission determined to its satisfaction that all owners of land included in said proposal consent to the subject annexation; and
- **WHEREAS**, in accordance with applicable provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act, the Commission determined there to be no significant effect to the environment from the proposed annexation and adopted a negative declaration concerning this project at a hearing held on October 7, 2013.

NOW, THEREFORE, THE COMMISSION DOES HEREBY RESOLVE, DETERMINE, AND ORDER as follows:

- 1. The proposal is APPROVED.
- 2. This proposal is assigned the following distinctive short-term designation:

VALLEY GREEN LANE NO. 1 ANNEXATION TO THE NAPA SANITATION DISTRICT

- 3. The affected territory is shown on the attached map and is more precisely described in the attached Exhibit "A".
- 4. The affected territory so described is uninhabited as defined in California Government Code Section 56046.
- 5. The Napa Sanitation District utilizes the regular assessment roll of the County of Napa.
- 6. The affected territory will be taxed for existing general bonded indebtedness of the Napa Sanitation District.
- 7. The Commission authorizes conducting authority proceedings to be waived in accordance with California Government Code Section 56663(c).
- 8. Recordation is contingent upon receipt by the Executive Officer of the following:
 - (a) A final map and geographic description of the affected territory determined by the County Surveyor to conform to the requirements of the State Board of Equalization.
 - (b) Payment of any and all outstanding fees owed to the Commission and/or other agencies involved in the processing of this proposal.
 - (c) An indemnification agreement signed by the landowner in a form provided by Commission Counsel.
- 9. The effective date shall be the date of recordation of the Certificate of Completion. The Certificate of Completion must be recorded within one calendar year unless an extension is requested and approved by the Commission.

AYES:	Commissioners		
NOES:	Commissioners		
ABSTAIN:	Commissioners		
ABSENT:	Commissioners		
ATTEST:	Peter Banning Executive Officer		
Recorded by:			
•	Kathy Mabry		
	Commission Secretary		

The foregoing resolution was duly and regularly adopted by the Commission at a regular meeting held on the

October 7, 2013, by the following vote:



LOCAL AGENCY FORMATION COMMISSION OF NAPA COUNTY

General Policy Determinations

Adopted: August 9, 1972 Last Amended: October 3, 2011

I. Background

The Cortese-Knox-Hertzberg Local Government Reorganization Act of 2000 specifies the Commission's principal objectives are discouraging urban sprawl, preserving open-space and agricultural resources, and encouraging the orderly formation and development of cities and special districts and their municipal services based on local conditions. Regulatory duties include approving or disapproving proposals involving the formation, reorganization, expansion, and dissolution of cities and special districts. The Commission's regulatory actions must be consistent with its adopted written policies and procedures. The Commission must also inform its regulatory duties through a series of planning activities, which includes establishing and updating spheres of influence.

II. General Policies

The intent of these policies is to serve as the Commission's constitution with regards to outlining clear goals, objectives, and requirements in uniformly fulfilling its prescribed duties. The Commission reserves discretion in administering these policies, however, to address special conditions and circumstances as needed.

A) Legislative Declarations

The Commission acknowledges and incorporates into its own policies, the policies of the Legislature regarding the promotion of orderly, well-planned development patterns that avoid the premature conversion of agricultural and open-space lands and ensure effective, efficient, and economic provision of essential public services. The Commission wishes to specifically note the following declarations and policies contained in the Cortese-Knox-Hertzberg Local Government Reorganization Act of 2000:

(1) The Legislature recognizes that the logical formation and determination of local agency boundaries is an important factor in promoting orderly development and in balancing that development with sometimes competing state interests of discouraging urban sprawl, preserving open-space and prime agricultural lands, and efficiently extending government services. (G.C. §56000)

- (2) It is the intent of the Legislature that each commission, not later than January 1, 2002, shall establish written policies and procedures and exercise its powers pursuant to this part in a manner consistent with those policies and procedures, and that encourages and provides planned, well-ordered, efficient urban development patterns with appropriate consideration of preserving open-space lands within those patterns. (G.C. §56300)
- (3) In reviewing and approving or disapproving proposals which could reasonably be expected to induce, facilitate, or lead to the conversion of existing open-space lands to uses other than open-space uses, the commission shall consider all of the following policies and priorities:
 - a) Development or use of land for other than open-space uses shall be guided away from existing prime agricultural lands in open-space use toward areas containing nonprime agricultural lands, unless that action would not promote the planned, orderly, efficient development of an area.
 - b) Development of existing vacant or nonprime agricultural lands for urban uses within the existing jurisdiction of a local agency or within the sphere of influence of a local agency should be encouraged before any proposal is approved which would allow for or lead to the development of existing open-space lands for non-open-space uses which are outside of the existing jurisdiction of the local agency or outside of the existing sphere of influence of the local agency.

(G.C. §56377)

B) Commission Declarations

The Commission declares its intent not to permit the premature conversion of designated agricultural or open-space lands to urban uses. The Commission shall adhere to the following policies in the pursuit of this intent, and all proposals, projects, and studies shall be reviewed with these policies as guidelines.

(1) <u>Use of County General Plan Designations:</u>

In evaluating a proposal, the Commission will use the Napa County General Plan to determine designated agricultural and open-space lands. The Commission recognizes that inconsistencies may occur between the County General Plan and the affected city general plan with respect to agricultural and open-space designations. Notwithstanding these potential inconsistencies, the Commission will rely on the Napa County General Plan in recognition of the public support expressed in both the incorporated and unincorporated areas of Napa County for the County's designated agricultural and open-space lands through enactment of Measure "J" in 1990 and Measure "P" in 2008.

(2) <u>Location of Urban Development</u>:

The Commission shall guide urban development away from designated agricultural or open-space lands until such times as urban development becomes an overriding consideration as determined by the Commission.

(3) <u>Timing of Urban Development:</u>

The Commission discourages proposals involving the annexation of undeveloped or underdeveloped lands to cities and special districts that provide potable water, sewer, fire protection and emergency response, or police protection services. This policy does not apply to proposals in which the affected lands are subject to a specific development plan or agreement under consideration by a land use authority. This policy does not apply to city annexation proposals in which the affected lands are part of an unincorporated island.

(4) Factors for Evaluating Proposals Involving Agricultural or Open-Space Lands:

The Commission recognizes there are distinct and varying attributes associated with agricultural and open-space designated lands. A proposal which includes agricultural or open-space designated land shall be evaluated in light of the existence of the following factors:`

- a) "Prime agricultural land", as defined by G.C. §56064.
- b) "Open-space", as defined by G.C. §56059.
- c) Land that is under contract to remain in agricultural or open-space use, such as a Williamson Act Contract or Open-Space Easement.
- d) Land which has a County General Plan agricultural or open-space designation (Agricultural Resource or Agriculture, Watershed and Open-Space).
- e) The adopted general plan policies of the County and the affected city.
- f) The agricultural economic integrity of land proposed for conversion to urban use as well as adjoining land in agricultural use.
- g) The potential for the premature conversion of adjacent agricultural or open-space designated land to urban use.
- h) The potential of vacant non-prime agricultural land to be developed with a use that would then allow the land to meet the definition of prime agricultural land under the Williamson Act.

(5) <u>Encouragement of Reorganizations:</u>

The Commission encourages reorganization proposals as a means of coordinating actions of local governmental agencies involving, but not limited to, annexation of land to two or more public agencies. The Commission recognizes the usefulness of the reorganization concept as a vehicle designed to simplify and expedite such actions.

III. Policies Concerning Spheres of Influence

It is the intent of the Commission to establish spheres of influence that promote the orderly expansion of cities and special districts to ensure effective, efficient and economic provision of essential public services, including public sewer and water, fire protection and emergency response, and police protection.

A) Legislative Declarations

The Commission acknowledges and incorporates into its own policies, the policies of the Legislature as they relate to spheres of influence. The Commission wishes to specifically note the following declarations and policies contained in the Cortese-Knox-Hertzberg Local Government Reorganization Act of 2000:

- (1) "Sphere of influence" means a plan for the probable physical boundaries and service area of a local agency, as determined by the Commission. (G.C. §56076)
- (2) In order to carry out its purposes and responsibilities for planning and shaping the logical and orderly development and coordination of local governmental agencies so as to advantageously provide for the present and future needs of the county and its communities, the Commission shall develop and determine the sphere of influence of each local governmental agency within the county and enact policies designed to promote the logical and orderly development of areas within the sphere. (G.C. §56425(a)).
- (3) The Commission encourages cities and the County to meet and agree to sphere of influence changes. The Commission shall give "great weight" to these agreements to the extent they are consistent with its policies. (G.C. §56425(b) and (c))
- (4) On or before January 1, 2008, and every five years thereafter, the Commission shall, as necessary, review and update each sphere of influence. (G.C. §56425(g))

B) General Guidelines for the Review of Spheres of Influence

It is the intent of the Commission to consider the following factors whenever reviewing a proposal that includes the adoption, amendment, or update of a sphere of influence.

- (1) The Commission incorporates the following definitions:
 - a) An "establishment" refers to the initial development and determination of a sphere of influence by the Commission.
 - b) An "amendment" refers to a limited change to an established sphere of influence typically initiated by a landowner, resident, or agency.
 - c) An "update" refers to a comprehensive change to an established sphere of influence typically initiated by the Commission.
- (2) The Commission discourages proposals from residents, landowners, and agencies proposing amendments to spheres of influence unless justified by special conditions and circumstances.
- (3) The Commission shall consider the following land use criteria in establishing, amending, and updating spheres of influence:
 - a) The present and planned land uses in the area, including designated agricultural and open-space lands.
 - b) Consistency with the County General Plan and the general plan of any affected city.
 - c) Adopted general plan policies of the County and of any affected city that guide future development away from designated agricultural or open-space land.
 - d) Adopted policies of affected agencies that promote infill of existing vacant or underdeveloped land.
 - e) Amount of existing vacant or underdeveloped land located within any affected agency's jurisdiction and current sphere of influence.
 - f) Adopted urban growth boundaries by the affected land use authorities.

- (4) The Commission shall consider the following municipal service criteria in establishing, amending, and updating spheres of influence:
 - a) The present capacity of public facilities and adequacy of public services provided by affected agencies within the current jurisdiction and the adopted plans of these agencies to improve any municipal service deficiency, including adopted capital improvement plans.
 - b) The present and probable need for public facilities and services within the area proposed for inclusion within the sphere of influence and the plans for the delivery of services to the area.
- (5) The Commission shall endeavor to maintain and expand, as needed, spheres of influence to accommodate planned and orderly urban development. The Commission, however, shall consider removal of land from an agency's sphere of influence if any of the two conditions apply:
 - a) The land is outside the affected agency's jurisdictional boundary but has been within the sphere of influence for 10 or more years.
 - b) The land is inside the affected agency's jurisdictional boundary, but is not expected to be developed for urban uses or require urban-type services within the next 10 years.

C) City Spheres of Influence

The Commission shall adhere to the following policies in the establishment, amendment, or update of a city's sphere of influence.

(1) Location of Urban Development:

It shall be a basic policy of the Commission is that the sphere of influence shall guide and promote the affected city's orderly urban growth and development.

(2) <u>Sphere of Influence to Reflect Service Capacities:</u>

A city's sphere of influence should reflect existing and planned service capacities based on information collected by, or submitted to, the Commission.

(3) Use of County General Plan Agricultural and Open-Space Designations: The Commission shall use the most recently adopted County General Plan as the basis to identify designated agricultural and open-space lands in establishing, amending, and updating a city's sphere of influence.

(4) <u>Avoidance of Inclusion of Agricultural and Open-Space Lands:</u>

Land specifically designated as agricultural or open-space lands shall not be approved for inclusion within any city's sphere of influence for purposes of urban development unless exceptions are warranted based on the criteria outlined in Section B(3) and (4).

(5) Preference for Infill:

The Commission will consider the amount of vacant land within the established sphere of influence of a city when considering amendments and updates. The Commission encourages sphere of influence proposals that promote the infill of existing vacant or underdeveloped land thereby maximizing the efficient use of existing city services and infrastructure as well as discouraging urban sprawl. Conversely, the Commission discourages sphere of influence proposals involving vacant or underdeveloped land that requires the extension of urban facilities, utilities, and services where infill is more appropriate.

(6) <u>Spheres of Influence as Guides for City Annexations:</u>

A city's sphere of influence shall generally be used to guide annexations within a five-year planning period. Inclusion of land within a sphere of influence shall not be construed to indicate automatic approval of an annexation proposal; an annexation will be considered on its own merits with deference assigned to timing.

(7) <u>Joint Applications</u>:

When an annexation is proposed outside a city's sphere of influence, the Commission may consider both the proposed annexation and the necessary change in the sphere of influence at the same meeting. The change to the sphere of influence to include the affected territory, however, shall be considered and resolved prior to Commission action on the annexation.

(8) Cooperative Planning and Development:

Spheres of influence shall be developed by the Commission in cooperation with input from the cities and the County.

- a) The urban areas as delineated by the spheres of influence or other boundary adopted by the Commission should be recognized and considered as part of planning and development programs of the affected cities as well as any affected special districts and the County.
- b) The Commission shall encourage cities to first develop existing vacant and underdeveloped infill lands located within their jurisdictions and spheres of influence to maximize the efficient use of available services and infrastructure and discourage the premature conversion of agricultural and open-space lands to urban uses. The Commission shall encourage the development of vacant or underdeveloped infill

lands located within cities' jurisdictions before the annexation of lands requiring the extension of urban facilities, utilities, and services.

c) No urban development should be permitted by the County to occur on unincorporated lands within a city's sphere of influence. If approval of urban development in such areas is legally required of the County, such development should conform to applicable city standards and be the subject of a joint city-County planning effort.

D) Special District Spheres of Influence

The Commission shall adhere to the following policies in the establishment, review, amendment, or update of a special district's sphere of influence.

(1) <u>Urbanizing Effect of Services</u>:

It shall be a basic policy of the Commission that the establishment, amendment, or update of a special district's sphere of influence serves to promote urban development with limited exceptions.

(2) <u>Sphere of Influence to Reflect Service Capacities:</u>

A special district's sphere of influence should reflect existing and planned service capacities based on information collected by, or submitted to, the Commission.

(3) <u>Exclusion of Agricultural and Open-Space Lands</u>:

Land designated agricultural or open-space by the applicable city or County general plan shall not be approved for inclusion within any special district's sphere of influence for purposes of urban development through the extension of essential public services. Such designations shall be recognized by the Commission as designating the land as non-urban in character in regard to the existing use of the area or its future development potential. The Commission may consider exceptions to this policy based on evidence provided by the affected special district demonstrating all of the following:

- a) The expansion is necessary in order to provide potable water or sewer to the territory to respond to a documented public health or safety threat.
- b) The affected special district can provide adequate potable water or sewer service to the affected territory without extending any mainline more than 1,000 feet.
- c) The expansion will not promote the premature conversion of agricultural or open-space land to urban use.

(4) <u>Sphere of Influence as a Guide to Special District Annexations:</u>

A special district's sphere of influence shall generally be used to guide annexations within a five-year planning period. Inclusion of land within a sphere of influence shall not be construed to indicate automatic approval of an annexation proposal; an annexation will be considered on its own merits with deference assigned to timing.

(5) <u>Joint Applications</u>:

When an annexation is proposed outside a special district's sphere of influence, the Commission may consider both the proposed annexation and the necessary change in the sphere of influence at the same meeting. The change to the sphere of influence to include the affected territory, however, shall be considered and resolved prior to Commission action on the proposed annexation.

(6) <u>Cooperative Planning and Development Programs:</u>

Spheres of influence shall be developed by the Commission in cooperation with any affected cities and the County.

a) The service area of a special district as delineated by the sphere of influence or other boundary adopted by the Commission should be recognized and considered as part of the planning and development programs of any affected district, city, and the County.

IV. Policies Concerning the County Of Napa

A) Location of Urban Development

- (1) Development of an urban character and nature should be located within areas designated as urban areas by the County General Plan in close proximity to a city or special district which can provide essential public services.
- (2) Urban development should be discouraged if it is apparent that essential services necessary for the proposed development cannot readily be provided by a city or special district.
- (3) The Commission shall review and comment, as appropriate, on the extension of services or the creation of new service providers to furnish services into previously unserved territory within unincorporated areas.

B) Use of County Service Areas and Community Services Districts

(1) In those unincorporated urban areas where essential urban services are being provided by the County, the Board of Supervisors should consider the establishment of county service areas or community services districts so that area residents and landowners pay their fair and equitable share for the services received.

V. Policies Concerning Cities

A) Incorporations

- (1) The Commission discourages proposals to incorporate communities unless substantial evidence suggests the County and any affected special district are not effectively meeting the needs of the community.
- (2) The Commission discourages proposals to incorporate communities involving land that is not already receiving essential public services from a special district.
- (3) Any community proposed for incorporation in Napa County shall have at least 500 registered voters residing with the affected area at the time proceedings are initiated with the Commission as required under G.C. §56043.

B) Outside Service Agreements

- (1) Commission approval is needed for a city to provide new or extended services outside its jurisdictional boundary by contracts or agreements. A Request by a city shall be made by resolution of application and processed in accordance with G.C. §56133.
- (2) The Commission shall incorporate the following definitions in administering these policies:
 - a) "Services" shall mean any service provided by a city unless otherwise exempted under G.C. 56133.
 - b) "New" shall mean the actual extension of a municipal service to previously unserved non-jurisdictional land. Exceptions include non-jurisdictional land in which the city or County has adequately contemplated the provision of the subject service on or before January 1, 2001 as determined by the Commission.

- c) "Extended" shall mean the intensification of an existing municipal service provided to non-jurisdictional land associated with a land use authority's redesignation or rezoning after January 1, 2001 as determined by the Commission.
- (3) The Commission shall establish policies and procedures in the review of outside service agreement requests involving a city.

VI. Policies Concerning Special Districts

A) In Lieu of New District Creation

(1) Where a limited-purpose special district exists and additional services are required for an unincorporated area designated as urban by the County General Plan, the Commission encourages reorganizations to provide the extended services of the existing limited services special district.

B) Preference for Districts Capable of Providing All Essential Services

(1) All new special districts proposed for formation in the unincorporated urban areas as designated under the County General Plan should be capable of providing essential urban type services which include, but are not limited to, water, sanitation, fire protection, and police protection.

C) Establishing New Services or Divestiture of Existing Service Powers

- (1) Commission approval is required for a special district to establish new services or divest existing service powers within all or parts of its jurisdictional boundary. Requests by a special district shall be made by adoption of a resolution of application and include all the information required and referenced under G.C. §56824.12.
- (2) The Commission incorporates the following definitions in administering these policies:
 - a) "New" shall mean activating a latent service not previously authorized.
 - b) "Divestiture" shall mean deactivating a service power previously authorized.
- (3) The Commission shall consider the effect of the proposal in supporting planned and orderly growth within the affected territory.

D) Outside Service Agreements

- (1) Commission approval is needed for a special district to provide new or extended services outside its jurisdictional boundary by contracts or agreements. Requests made by special districts shall be made by resolution of application and processed in accordance with G.C. §56133.
- (2) The Commission shall incorporate the following definitions in administering these policies:
 - a) "Services" shall mean any service provided by a special district subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission unless otherwise exempted under G.C. 56133.
 - b) "New" shall mean the actual extension of a municipal service to previously unserved non-jurisdictional land. Exceptions include non-jurisdictional land in which the special district or land use authority has adequately contemplated the provision of the subject service on or before January 1, 2001 as determined by the Commission.
 - c) "Extended" shall mean the intensification of an existing municipal service provided to non-jurisdictional land associated with a land use authority's redesignation or rezoning after January 1, 2001 as determined by the Commission.
- (3) The Commission shall establish policies and procedures in the review of outside service agreement requests involving a special district.

VII. Policies Concerning Annexations

A) General Policies Concerning Annexations to a City

(1) <u>Inclusion in Sphere of Influence</u>:

The affected territory shall be included within the affected city sphere of influence prior to issuance of the Executive Officer's certificate of filing for the subject annexation proposal. The Executive Officer may agendize both a sphere of influence amendment and annexation application for Commission consideration and action at the same meeting.

(2) Substantially surrounded:

For the purpose of applying the provisions of the Cortese-Knox-Hertzberg Local Government Reorganization Act, most notably G.C. §56375, the affected territory of an annexation proposal shall be deemed "substantially surrounded" if the following two conditions apply:

- a) The affected territory lies within the city's sphere of influence.
- b) The affected territory is surrounded by no less than 66.6% by the city, as set forth in a boundary description accepted by the Executive Officer.

B) Policies Concerning Island Annexations

(1) Boundary of Areas Not 100% Surrounded by City:

The outside boundary of an unincorporated island less than 100% surrounded shall be the affected city sphere of influence boundary line.

(2) <u>Criteria for Determining a Developed Island:</u>

A developed island shall substantially meet all the following criteria:

- a) The island shall have a housing density of at least 0.5 units per gross acre.
- b) All parcels within the island can readily receive from the affected city or any affected special district basic essential services including but not limited to police protection, fire protection, potable water and sanitation.

(3) <u>Policy Regarding Annexations Within an Identified Island Area:</u>

When an annexation proposal includes territory within a developed island, the Commission shall invite the affected city to amend the boundary of the proposed annexation to include the entire island. To the extent permitted by law, the Commission reserves the right to expand the boundaries of the proposed annexation to include the entire island.

C) Policies Concerning Annexation of Municipally-Owned Land

(1) Restricted Use Lands Owned by Public Agencies:

The Commission shall disapprove annexation of publicly-owned land designated agricultural or open-space or subject to a Williamson Act contract unless the land will be used for a municipal purpose and no suitable alternative site reasonably exists within the affected city's sphere of influence.

(2) <u>Facilities Exempt from Policy:</u>

Municipal purpose shall mean a public service facility which is urban in nature such as water and sewage treatment facilities and public buildings, but shall not include land which is vacant or used for wastewater reclamation irrigation, a reservoir, or agricultural, watershed or open-space.

D) Concurrent Annexation Policies

It is the intent of the Commission to promote concurrent annexations to cities and special districts whenever appropriate. The Commission may waive its concurrent annexation policies based on unique conditions or circumstances surrounding the annexation proposal which make application of the policy impractical and will not result in the annexation of lands designated agricultural or open-space by the applicable city or County General Plan.

(1) City of Napa and Napa Sanitation District

a) Annexations to the District:

All annexation proposals to the Napa Sanitation District located outside of the City of Napa shall first be required to annex to the City if the affected territory is located within the City's sphere of influence as adopted by the Commission, is located within the City Residential Urban Limit Line (RUL) as adopted by the City, and annexation is legally possible.

b) Annexations to the City:

All 100% consent annexation proposals to the City of Napa located outside of the Napa Sanitation District shall be required to annex to the Napa Sanitation District if the affected territory is located within the District's sphere of influence and if sanitation service is available.

(2) City of American Canyon and American Canyon Fire Protection District

a) Annexations to the District:

All annexation proposals to the American Canyon Fire Protection District located outside of the City of American Canyon shall be required to annex to the City if the affected territory is located within the City's sphere of influence as adopted by the Commission and if annexation is legally possible.

b) Annexations to the City:

All annexation proposals to the City of American Canyon located outside of the American Canyon Fire Protection District shall be required to annex to the District if the affected territory is located within the District's sphere of influence.

(3) County Service Area No. 4

a) Annexations to Cities:

All annexation proposals to a city shall be required to concurrently detach from County Service Area No. 4 unless the affected territory has been, or is expected to be, developed to include planted vineyards totaling one acre or more in size.